

Ethyl 7-pivaloylamino-1,8-naphthyridine-2-carboxylate sesquihydrate

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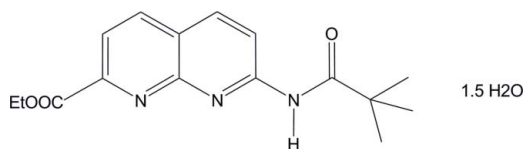
Received 11 November 2011; accepted 18 November 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; disorder in solvent or counterion; R factor = 0.039; wR factor = 0.108; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.5.

In the title hydrate, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3 \cdot 1.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$, both water molecules are disordered: one over two adjacent sites in a 0.498 (5):0.502 (5) ratio and one lying near a crystallographic twofold axis. The dihedral angle between the pyridine rings of the organic molecule is $1.47(6)^\circ$. In the crystal, the components are linked by $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$, $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{N}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming sheets lying parallel to the ac plane.

Related literature

For further details of heterocyclic esters, see: Listvan *et al.* (2002); Li *et al.* (2007); Goswami & Hazra (2009). For the stability of the temperature controller used in the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3 \cdot 1.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 656.73$
 Monoclinic, $C2/c$
 $a = 30.7759(7)$ Å

$b = 7.2406(2)$ Å
 $c = 16.9271(4)$ Å
 $\beta = 120.009(1)^\circ$
 $V = 3266.32(14)$ Å³

$Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.10$ mm⁻¹

$T = 100$ K
 $0.41 \times 0.31 \times 0.24$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.960$, $T_{\max} = 0.977$

16624 measured reflections
 3753 independent reflections
 3156 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.108$
 $S = 1.04$
 3753 reflections

228 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.34$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.23$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
$\text{N3}-\text{H1N3} \cdots \text{O2W}$	0.85	2.39	3.051 (2)	135
$\text{N3}-\text{H1N3} \cdots \text{O1WB}^i$	0.85	2.40	3.095 (3)	140
$\text{O1WB}-\text{H2WB} \cdots \text{N2}$	0.86	2.26	3.077 (3)	160
$\text{O2W}-\text{H1W2} \cdots \text{N1}^i$	0.83	2.13	2.948 (2)	167
$\text{C3}-\text{H3A} \cdots \text{O3}$	0.93	2.23	2.8230 (17)	121

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

HKF and MH thank the Malaysian Government and Universiti Sains Malaysia for the Research University Grant No. 1001/PFIZIK/811160. MH also thanks Universiti Sains Malaysia for a post-doctoral research fellowship. SG and AH thank the CSIR [No. 01 (2292)/09/EMR-II], Government of India, for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6505).

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* Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o3415 [doi:10.1107/S160053681104921X]

Ethyl 7-pivaloylamino-1,8-naphthyridine-2-carboxylate sesquihydrate

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Comment

Heterocyclic esters are important synthons for the synthesis of different natural products, antimicrobial agents and pharmaceutical compositions (Listvan *et al.*, 2002; Li *et al.*, 2007). The heterocyclic esters are easily synthesized from their corresponding aldehydes by using thiamine hydrochloride as a catalyst in the presence of triethyl amine and alcohol (Goswami & Hazra, 2009). Herein we report the crystal structure of ethyl-7-pivaloylamino-[1,8]naphthyridine-2-carboxylate.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, Fig. 1, consists of one ethyl-7-pivaloylamino-[1,8]naphthyridine-2-carboxylate molecule, one disordered water molecule over two orientations with a refined occupancy ratio of 0.498 (5) : 0.502 (5) and a half-molecule of water (the O2W atom of the water molecule lies near a twofold axis (symmetry code: $-x, y, -z+1/2$). The dihedral angle between the two pyridine (N1/C1–C5 : N2/C1,C5–C8) rings is 1.47 (6)°.

In the crystal structure, (Fig. 2), the components are connected *via* intermolecular N—H...O, O—H...N and C—H...O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) to form two-dimensional networks parallel to the *ac*-plane.

Experimental

Distilled triethylamine (0.6 ml) was added dropwise to a solution of 7-pivaloylamino-[1,8]naphthyridine-2-carbaldehyde (514 mg, 2 mmol) in dry ethanol. Then thiamine hydrochloride (30 mg, 15 mol) was added and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 2.5 h. Excess ethanol was distilled from the reaction mixture after completion of the reaction. Water was added to the reaction mixture and then extracted with chloroform and the organic layer was dried. The crude product was purified through column chromatography (silica gel, 100–200 mesh) eluting with ethyl acetate in petroleum ether (30%) to afford a colorless solid. Yield: 82%. Mp 168–170°C.

Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically [N–H = 0.8462 Å; O–H = 0.8078–0.9888 Å; C–H = 0.93–0.97 Å] and were refined using a riding model, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2$ or $1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{O})$. A rotating group model was applied to the methyl groups. One of the water molecule is disordered over two orientations, with an occupancy ratio of 0.498 (5) : 0.502 (5). Another water molecule, O2W, lies near a twofold axis with symmetry $-x, y, -z+1/2$.

Figures

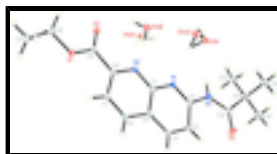


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of the title compound, showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids. Open bonds represents disorder components.

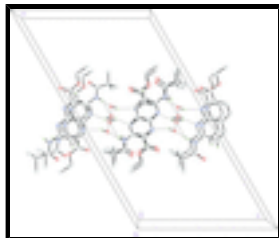


Fig. 2. The crystal packing of the title compound (I). H atoms are not involving the hydrogen bond interactions are omitted for clarity.

Ethyl 7-pivaloylamino-1,8-naphthyridine-2-carboxylate sesquihydrate

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{19}N_3O_3 \cdot 1.5H_2O$

$M_r = 656.73$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Hall symbol: $-C 2yc$

$a = 30.7759 (7) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 7.2406 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 16.9271 (4) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 120.009 (1)^\circ$

$V = 3266.32 (14) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 1400$

$D_x = 1.335 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 6305 reflections

$\theta = 2.9\text{--}33.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

$0.41 \times 0.31 \times 0.24 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
graphite

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.960$, $T_{\max} = 0.977$

16624 measured reflections

3753 independent reflections

3156 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.9^\circ$

$h = -39 \rightarrow 39$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$l = -21 \rightarrow 21$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$

$wR(F^2) = 0.108$

$S = 1.04$

3753 reflections

228 parameters

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0531P)^2 + 2.3589P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.34 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

0 restraints

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Experimental. The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
O1	0.16006 (3)	0.48093 (13)	0.67950 (6)	0.0212 (2)	
O2	0.14079 (3)	0.47791 (13)	0.53237 (6)	0.0232 (2)	
O3	-0.17328 (4)	-0.00262 (19)	0.24944 (7)	0.0422 (3)	
N1	-0.02737 (4)	0.20833 (14)	0.37662 (7)	0.0172 (2)	
N2	0.04907 (4)	0.32379 (14)	0.48603 (7)	0.0166 (2)	
N3	-0.10204 (4)	0.10828 (17)	0.25947 (7)	0.0245 (3)	
H1N3	-0.0879	0.1349	0.2290	0.029*	
C1	0.00362 (4)	0.25427 (15)	0.46599 (8)	0.0154 (2)	
C2	-0.07277 (4)	0.14680 (16)	0.35245 (8)	0.0173 (2)	
C3	-0.09081 (4)	0.12125 (17)	0.41469 (8)	0.0186 (2)	
H3A	-0.1231	0.0774	0.3947	0.022*	
C4	-0.05950 (4)	0.16280 (17)	0.50400 (8)	0.0186 (2)	
H4A	-0.0701	0.1455	0.5462	0.022*	
C5	-0.01072 (4)	0.23240 (16)	0.53302 (8)	0.0161 (2)	
C6	0.02364 (4)	0.28315 (17)	0.62367 (8)	0.0187 (2)	
H6A	0.0154	0.2698	0.6693	0.022*	
C7	0.06941 (4)	0.35249 (16)	0.64349 (8)	0.0182 (2)	
H7A	0.0928	0.3873	0.7027	0.022*	
C8	0.08024 (4)	0.36993 (15)	0.57230 (8)	0.0160 (2)	
C9	0.12989 (4)	0.44831 (16)	0.59031 (8)	0.0171 (2)	
C10	0.20924 (4)	0.55545 (19)	0.70542 (9)	0.0232 (3)	
H10A	0.2061	0.6797	0.6817	0.028*	
H10B	0.2258	0.4789	0.6813	0.028*	
C11	0.23881 (5)	0.5572 (2)	0.80776 (9)	0.0268 (3)	
H11A	0.2718	0.6046	0.8277	0.040*	
H11B	0.2413	0.4337	0.8303	0.040*	
H11C	0.2222	0.6343	0.8307	0.040*	
C12	-0.14904 (4)	0.03205 (16)	0.21292 (8)	0.0180 (2)	
C13	-0.16825 (4)	-0.01579 (17)	0.11242 (8)	0.0194 (3)	

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C14	-0.14824 (5)	-0.20988 (19)	0.11108 (9)	0.0266 (3)	
H14A	-0.1603	-0.2964	0.1386	0.040*	
H14B	-0.1122	-0.2084	0.1447	0.040*	
H14C	-0.1597	-0.2459	0.0492	0.040*	
C15	-0.15098 (5)	0.1224 (2)	0.06522 (9)	0.0285 (3)	
H15A	-0.1599	0.2452	0.0732	0.043*	
H15B	-0.1669	0.0943	0.0013	0.043*	
H15C	-0.1152	0.1144	0.0916	0.043*	
C16	-0.22570 (5)	-0.02054 (19)	0.06234 (9)	0.0243 (3)	
H16A	-0.2382	0.0996	0.0645	0.037*	
H16B	-0.2366	-0.1086	0.0912	0.037*	
H16C	-0.2383	-0.0557	-0.0001	0.037*	
O1WB	0.05785 (9)	0.3977 (4)	0.31552 (15)	0.0289 (7)	0.502 (5)
H1WB	0.0755	0.4935	0.3217	0.035*	0.502 (5)
H2WB	0.0480	0.3869	0.3546	0.035*	0.502 (5)
O1WA	0.04715 (6)	0.4721 (2)	0.32308 (11)	0.0310 (7)	0.498 (5)
H1WA	0.0227	0.4263	0.2743	0.037*	0.498 (5)
H2WA	0.0604	0.4032	0.3761	0.037*	0.498 (5)
O2W	-0.01311 (6)	0.0366 (2)	0.23101 (11)	0.0245 (5)	0.50
H1W2	-0.0004	0.0990	0.2065	0.029*	

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0167 (4)	0.0275 (5)	0.0172 (4)	-0.0053 (3)	0.0067 (4)	-0.0017 (4)
O2	0.0228 (4)	0.0271 (5)	0.0213 (5)	-0.0056 (4)	0.0122 (4)	-0.0029 (4)
O3	0.0269 (5)	0.0798 (9)	0.0222 (5)	-0.0244 (5)	0.0140 (4)	-0.0140 (5)
N1	0.0174 (5)	0.0176 (5)	0.0162 (5)	-0.0011 (4)	0.0081 (4)	-0.0005 (4)
N2	0.0170 (5)	0.0149 (5)	0.0173 (5)	-0.0006 (4)	0.0081 (4)	-0.0004 (4)
N3	0.0195 (5)	0.0393 (7)	0.0165 (5)	-0.0083 (5)	0.0104 (4)	-0.0046 (5)
C1	0.0174 (5)	0.0120 (5)	0.0167 (6)	0.0013 (4)	0.0084 (5)	0.0010 (4)
C2	0.0178 (5)	0.0163 (5)	0.0172 (6)	0.0003 (4)	0.0082 (5)	-0.0010 (5)
C3	0.0164 (5)	0.0189 (6)	0.0218 (6)	-0.0005 (4)	0.0104 (5)	-0.0006 (5)
C4	0.0202 (6)	0.0192 (6)	0.0199 (6)	-0.0002 (5)	0.0126 (5)	0.0005 (5)
C5	0.0174 (5)	0.0143 (5)	0.0171 (6)	0.0013 (4)	0.0089 (5)	0.0004 (4)
C6	0.0220 (6)	0.0196 (6)	0.0160 (6)	0.0004 (5)	0.0107 (5)	0.0005 (5)
C7	0.0189 (5)	0.0176 (6)	0.0153 (6)	0.0000 (4)	0.0065 (5)	-0.0006 (5)
C8	0.0172 (5)	0.0119 (5)	0.0176 (6)	0.0013 (4)	0.0077 (5)	0.0004 (4)
C9	0.0188 (5)	0.0134 (5)	0.0181 (6)	0.0006 (4)	0.0084 (5)	-0.0004 (4)
C10	0.0164 (6)	0.0280 (7)	0.0234 (7)	-0.0057 (5)	0.0085 (5)	-0.0015 (5)
C11	0.0202 (6)	0.0318 (7)	0.0237 (7)	-0.0012 (5)	0.0074 (5)	-0.0044 (6)
C12	0.0157 (5)	0.0180 (6)	0.0180 (6)	0.0006 (4)	0.0066 (5)	-0.0008 (5)
C13	0.0180 (6)	0.0212 (6)	0.0177 (6)	-0.0023 (5)	0.0080 (5)	-0.0019 (5)
C14	0.0286 (7)	0.0278 (7)	0.0238 (7)	0.0021 (5)	0.0134 (6)	-0.0053 (5)
C15	0.0275 (7)	0.0350 (8)	0.0178 (6)	-0.0094 (6)	0.0075 (5)	0.0013 (5)
C16	0.0180 (6)	0.0298 (7)	0.0205 (6)	-0.0023 (5)	0.0061 (5)	-0.0036 (5)
O1WB	0.0291 (12)	0.0366 (15)	0.0210 (11)	0.0019 (10)	0.0126 (9)	0.0000 (10)
O1WA	0.0325 (13)	0.0350 (16)	0.0315 (12)	-0.0090 (11)	0.0204 (10)	-0.0005 (11)

O2W 0.0314 (13) 0.0251 (8) 0.0243 (14) -0.0066 (7) 0.0193 (11) -0.0056 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C9	1.3397 (15)	C11—H11A	0.9600
O1—C10	1.4527 (14)	C11—H11B	0.9600
O2—C9	1.2038 (15)	C11—H11C	0.9600
O3—C12	1.2097 (15)	C12—C13	1.5353 (17)
N1—C2	1.3213 (15)	C13—C16	1.5319 (17)
N1—C1	1.3659 (15)	C13—C15	1.5321 (17)
N2—C8	1.3278 (15)	C13—C14	1.5392 (18)
N2—C1	1.3604 (15)	C14—H14A	0.9600
N3—C12	1.3703 (15)	C14—H14B	0.9600
N3—C2	1.3958 (15)	C14—H14C	0.9600
N3—H1N3	0.8462	C15—H15A	0.9600
C1—C5	1.4170 (16)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C2—C3	1.4275 (16)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C3—C4	1.3592 (17)	C16—H16A	0.9600
C3—H3A	0.9300	C16—H16B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.4182 (16)	C16—H16C	0.9600
C4—H4A	0.9300	O1WB—H1WB	0.8550
C5—C6	1.4089 (17)	O1WB—H2WB	0.8586
C6—C7	1.3698 (16)	O1WB—H1WA	0.9712
C6—H6A	0.9300	O1WB—H2WA	0.9888
C7—C8	1.4073 (16)	O1WA—H1WB	0.8984
C7—H7A	0.9300	O1WA—H2WB	0.8078
C8—C9	1.5114 (16)	O1WA—H1WA	0.8576
C10—C11	1.5008 (18)	O1WA—H2WA	0.9243
C10—H10A	0.9700	O2W—O2W ⁱ	0.739 (3)
C10—H10B	0.9700	O2W—H1W2	0.8319
C9—O1—C10	115.85 (9)	C10—C11—H11C	109.5
C2—N1—C1	118.01 (10)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C8—N2—C1	117.02 (10)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C12—N3—C2	129.00 (10)	O3—C12—N3	122.22 (12)
C12—N3—H1N3	117.2	O3—C12—C13	121.68 (11)
C2—N3—H1N3	113.8	N3—C12—C13	116.03 (10)
N2—C1—N1	115.32 (10)	C16—C13—C15	109.37 (11)
N2—C1—C5	122.34 (11)	C16—C13—C12	108.45 (10)
N1—C1—C5	122.34 (10)	C15—C13—C12	112.87 (10)
N1—C2—N3	113.75 (10)	C16—C13—C14	109.33 (10)
N1—C2—C3	123.82 (11)	C15—C13—C14	110.05 (11)
N3—C2—C3	122.44 (10)	C12—C13—C14	106.69 (10)
C4—C3—C2	118.10 (10)	C13—C14—H14A	109.5
C4—C3—H3A	121.0	C13—C14—H14B	109.5
C2—C3—H3A	121.0	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C3—C4—C5	120.18 (11)	C13—C14—H14C	109.5
C3—C4—H4A	119.9	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	119.9	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C6—C5—C1	118.57 (10)	C13—C15—H15A	109.5

supplementary materials

C6—C5—C4	123.90 (11)	C13—C15—H15B	109.5
C1—C5—C4	117.52 (11)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C7—C6—C5	118.82 (11)	C13—C15—H15C	109.5
C7—C6—H6A	120.6	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C5—C6—H6A	120.6	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C6—C7—C8	118.56 (11)	C13—C16—H16A	109.5
C6—C7—H7A	120.7	C13—C16—H16B	109.5
C8—C7—H7A	120.7	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
N2—C8—C7	124.68 (10)	C13—C16—H16C	109.5
N2—C8—C9	114.68 (10)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
C7—C8—C9	120.63 (11)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
O2—C9—O1	124.63 (11)	H1WB—O1WB—H2WB	115.4
O2—C9—C8	124.61 (11)	H1WB—O1WB—H1WA	109.0
O1—C9—C8	110.76 (10)	H2WB—O1WB—H1WA	83.0
O1—C10—C11	106.88 (10)	H1WB—O1WB—H2WA	97.1
O1—C10—H10A	110.3	H1WA—O1WB—H2WA	102.7
C11—C10—H10A	110.3	H1WB—O1WA—H2WB	116.1
O1—C10—H10B	110.3	H1WB—O1WA—H1WA	115.9
C11—C10—H10B	110.3	H2WB—O1WA—H1WA	93.6
H10A—C10—H10B	108.6	H1WB—O1WA—H2WA	98.9
C10—C11—H11A	109.5	H1WA—O1WA—H2WA	118.4
C10—C11—H11B	109.5	O2W ⁱ —O2W—H1W2	81.5
H11A—C11—H11B	109.5		
C8—N2—C1—N1	-179.96 (10)	C1—N2—C8—C7	-0.23 (17)
C8—N2—C1—C5	0.51 (16)	C1—N2—C8—C9	-179.34 (10)
C2—N1—C1—N2	-177.43 (10)	C6—C7—C8—N2	0.02 (18)
C2—N1—C1—C5	2.10 (17)	C6—C7—C8—C9	179.08 (10)
C1—N1—C2—N3	178.37 (10)	C10—O1—C9—O2	-0.67 (17)
C1—N1—C2—C3	-1.63 (17)	C10—O1—C9—C8	179.55 (9)
C12—N3—C2—N1	175.30 (12)	N2—C8—C9—O2	3.82 (17)
C12—N3—C2—C3	-4.7 (2)	C7—C8—C9—O2	-175.33 (12)
N1—C2—C3—C4	0.06 (18)	N2—C8—C9—O1	-176.40 (10)
N3—C2—C3—C4	-179.94 (11)	C7—C8—C9—O1	4.45 (15)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.06 (18)	C9—O1—C10—C11	-172.58 (10)
N2—C1—C5—C6	-0.57 (17)	C2—N3—C12—O3	4.9 (2)
N1—C1—C5—C6	179.93 (10)	C2—N3—C12—C13	-172.27 (12)
N2—C1—C5—C4	178.48 (10)	O3—C12—C13—C16	26.19 (17)
N1—C1—C5—C4	-1.02 (17)	N3—C12—C13—C16	-156.66 (11)
C3—C4—C5—C6	178.40 (12)	O3—C12—C13—C15	147.54 (14)
C3—C4—C5—C1	-0.60 (17)	N3—C12—C13—C15	-35.32 (15)
C1—C5—C6—C7	0.34 (17)	O3—C12—C13—C14	-91.47 (15)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-178.65 (11)	N3—C12—C13—C14	85.68 (13)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.08 (17)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y, -z+1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N3—H1N3 \cdots O2W	0.85	2.39	3.051 (2)	135

N3—H1N3···O1WB ⁱⁱ	0.85	2.40	3.095 (3)	140
O1WB—H2WB···N2	0.86	2.26	3.077 (3)	160
O2W—H1W2···N1 ⁱⁱ	0.83	2.13	2.948 (2)	167
C3—H3A···O3	0.93	2.23	2.8230 (17)	121

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x, y, -z+1/2$.

Fig. 1

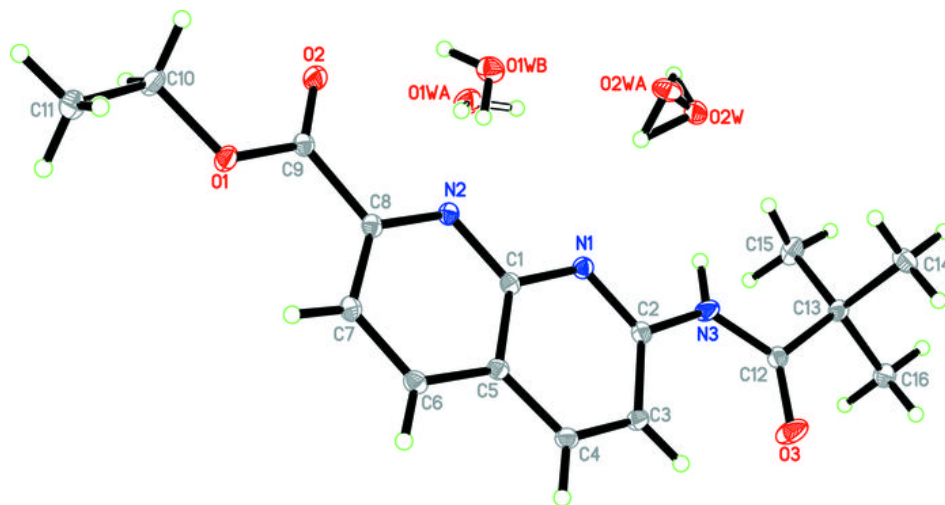


Fig. 2

